

the contraceptive injection, for me. How can I work out

Yarning about contraception

Well let's have a bit of a varn about contraception, because there are lots of different types to choose from. It can also be useful to use contraception and condoms together because this protects you from both pregnancy and sexually transmissible infections (STIs). It's important for both guys and girls to have access to condoms. Contraception and safe sex is the responsibility of both guys and girls.



think about when talking about the Pill. It has two types of hormones. You take the Pill by swallowing a tablet. It has to be taken every day for it to work. There are lots of different brands of the Pill and they usually have the hormonal pill and the sugar pill. When taking the sugar pill, you will have a

monthly bleed, iust like a period. The Pill doesn't protect you from STIs.



## The Contraceptive Implant

is a rubbery plastic rod that is about the size of a matchstick. It's the most effective type of contraception you can have. It's put in the inside of the upper arm just under the skin. It takes about 10-15 minutes for a doctor or nurse to insert and then a small bandage is put over it for about a day. You can't usually see the implant but you can feel it under the skin. It lasts for up to three years but you can have it taken out by a healthcare worker whenever you want. The implant will stop working as soon as it's taken out. But remember Janayah, the implant doesn't protect you from STIs.

# The Contraceptive Injection

has a hormone in it that is injected every 10-14 people call it Depo or 'the shot'. The shot can be to take a pill everyday but don't want to use on time. But remember, the shot doesn't protect



Progestogen Only Pill. Some people call it the mini pill. This has to be taken at break. There are no sugar pills with POP. It's so important that you take this pill at the same time every day, because it

even if it's taken more The POP doesn't



The Vaginal Ring is a soft plastic ring that releases two different hormones. You put then take it out for one week. You will then have week, you insert a new ring and the cycle begins again. But the ring doesn't protect you against

There are two types of Intrauterine Device

(IUD): the hormonal IUD and the copper IUD. The IUD is a small plastic object that is placed inside a woman's uterus (womb) by a doctor or nurse. It doesn't take long to do. The hormonal IUD slowly lets out a small amount of a hormone for up to five years. The copper IUD doesn't release a hormone. Both IUDs are very effective. They both stop working as soon as a doctor or nurse takes them

out. It's important that if you have an IUD and want it to be removed, you go to your doctor or nurse for them to do this. And remember Janayah the IUD doesn't protect against STIs.

Another pill you can get is the

# Emergency Contraceptive Pill (ECP).

A lot of people call this the morning after pill, but you can actually take this pill up to 96 hours after unprotected sex to stop an unintended pregnancy. But it's best to try and take it in the first 24 hours after unprotected sex.



The ECP isn't something to use as your everyday contraception method. You don't need to go to the doctors to get the ECP. You can get the ECP at chemists, Family Planning NSW clinics, Aboriginal Medical Services (AMS) and sexual health clinics. The ECP doesn't protect against STIs.



What about for guys Aunty?
What can they use

### The Male Condom

is a thin latex rubber that gets rolled down onto an erect (hard) penis. Condoms protect against STIs and pregnancy. You use a new condom every time you have sex and you can get free condoms from the Aboriginal Medical Service, Family Planning NSW and sexual health clinics. But it's important to remember

that condoms can break, so keep them in a cool place and always check the use by date before using one. Don't use a condom that is out of date. You can also get non-latex condoms if you're allergic to latex. Condoms are the only type of safe sex method that protects you from STIs and pregnancy.





Are there any other types of contraception that I should think about?

There are some more options that you can talk to your healthcare worker about.



OK, thanks for the yarn Aunty. I'll have a bit more of a think and make an appointment with a healthcare worker to talk about my options.





For more detailed information on all types of contraception, read the Family Planning NSW publication *What Suits me? Contraception options for girls and guys.* Talk to your doctor or nurse about the best type of contraception for you.

You can contact

Family Planning NSW Talkline 1300 658 886, a confidential service to answer all your questions about reproductive and sexual health over the phone and by email.

www.fpnsw.org.au/talkline

## Our clinics

#### Family Planning NSW Ashfield

328-336 Liverpool Road Ashfield NSW 2131 P: 02 8752 4300

#### Family Planning NSW Fairfield

24-26 Nelson Street Fairfield NSW 2165 P: 02 9754 1322

#### Family Planning NSW Penrith

13 Reserve Street Penrith NSW 2750 P: 02 4749 0500

#### Family Planning NSW Dubbo

2B/155 Macquarie Street Dubbo NSW 2830 P: 02 6885 1544

#### Family Planning NSW Hunter

Ground floor 384 Hunter Street Newcastle NSW 2300 P: 02 4929 4485



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