

Reproductive & Sexual Health

# Your child's developing sexuality: What to expect

Nicole Allenden, Family Planning NSW

# **Key Topics**

- When does sexuality begin?
- What sexual behaviours are normal?
- What sexual behaviours are concerning?
- How is this different for children with disability?
- Understanding behaviours



# **Developmental Stages**

- Everyone goes through each developmental stage
  - Infancy
  - Childhood
  - Adolescence
  - Adulthood
- Age milestones vary
  - Not met
  - Not met yet
  - Partly met
  - Met



# When does sexuality begin?

- At birth
- Children learn sexual behaviours through observations, relationships, and play
- Sexuality develops on three levels
  - Biological (e.g., body)
  - Social (e.g., relationships)
  - Psychological (e.g., emotions, self-identity)



# What is expected?

### What to consider....

- Spontaneous
- Curiosity
- Explorative
- Light-hearted
- Between equals in age, size, ability
- Mutual
- Not frequent
- In a private place
- Redirected easily/ responds to adult intervention



# What is concerning?

### What to consider....

- Frequent and persistent
- Harmful
- Negatively impacts on others
- Unequal (age, size, ability)
- Limited or no response to adult redirection









# **Traffic Light System**



red

sexual behaviours that are problematic or harmful, forceful, secretive, compulsive, coercive or degrading signal the need to provide immediate protection and follow up support

orange

sexual behaviours that are outside normal behaviour in terms of persistence, frequency or inequality in age, power or ability signal the need to monitor and provide extra support

green

sexual behaviours that are normal, age appropriate, spontaneous, curious, mutual, light hearted and easily diverted experimentation provide opportunities to talk, explain and support



Children healthy and safe



## Age

# **Green Light Behaviours**

### 0 - 4

- Touches body / genitals
- Comfortable being nude
- Want to touch familiar children's genitals (play, toilet and bath times)
- 'Show me yours' games
- Asks to touch breasts, bottoms, genitals of familiar adults







Age	Orange Light Behaviours
0-4	<ul> <li>Masturbation in preference to other activities</li> <li>Persistently watching others toileting, nude, sexual activities</li> <li>Touching other children/adult's private body parts in preference to other activities</li> </ul>





Age	Red Light Behaviours	
0 – 4	<ul> <li>Compulsive masturbation (self-injury) persistent in nature and duration</li> <li>Forcing other children to engage in sexual touch/activity</li> <li>Presence of a STI</li> </ul>	





Age	Green Light Behaviours
0 – 4	<ul> <li>Touches body / genitals</li> <li>Comfortable being nude</li> <li>Want to touch familiar children's genitals (play, toilet and bath times)</li> <li>'Show me yours' games</li> <li>Asks to touch breasts, bottoms, genitals of familiar adults</li> </ul>
5 – 9	<ul> <li>Touches body / genitals</li> <li>Increased sense of privacy about bodies</li> <li>'Show me yours' games</li> <li>Telling stories using toilet words or names for private parts</li> </ul>
10 – 13	<ul> <li>Growing need for privacy</li> <li>Masturbation in privacy</li> <li>Use of sexual language</li> <li>Interest in boyfriend / girlfriend</li> <li>Occasional flashing / mooning peers</li> </ul>
14 – 17	<ul> <li>Need for privacy</li> <li>Masturbation in privacy</li> <li>Viewing videos for sexual arousal</li> <li>Sexual activity with someone of similar age and developmental ability</li> </ul>



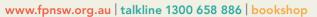
Age	Orange Light Behaviours	
0 – 4	<ul> <li>Masturbation in preference to other activities</li> <li>Persistently watching others toileting, nude, sexual activities</li> <li>Touching other children/adult's private body parts in preference to other activities</li> </ul>	
5 – 9	<ul> <li>Persistent nudity and/or exposing private parts in public</li> <li>Pulling other children's pants down</li> <li>Persistently mimicking sexual flirting behaviour too advanced for age</li> <li>Using internet with unknown people which may include giving identifying details</li> </ul>	
10 – 13	<ul> <li>Persistent masturbation in public / cause self-injury</li> <li>Persistent expression of fear around STIs or pregnancy</li> <li>Oral sex and/or intercourse with a known partner of similar age / developmental ability</li> <li>Using internet with unknown people which may include giving identifying details</li> </ul>	
14 – 17	<ul> <li>Sexual preoccupation which interfere with daily function</li> <li>Intentional spying on other while engaged in sexual activity,</li> <li>Nudity</li> <li>Using internet to receive or send sexually explicit information</li> </ul>	



Age	Red Light Behaviours	
0 – 4	<ul> <li>Compulsive masturbation (self-injury) persistent in nature and duration</li> <li>Forcing other children to engage in sexual touch/activity</li> <li>Presence of a STI</li> </ul>	
5 – 9	<ul> <li>Persistent bullying involving sexual aggression, participation or simulation of sexual activity</li> <li>Presence of a STI</li> <li>Persistent sexual activity with an animal</li> <li>Compulsive masturbation, seeking an audience / self-harm</li> </ul>	
10 – 13	<ul> <li>Compulsive masturbating</li> <li>Forced or coercion of others in sexual activity</li> <li>Sexual contact with animals</li> <li>Possessing, accessing or sending child exploitation materials</li> </ul>	
14 – 17	<ul> <li>Compulsive masturbating</li> <li>Forced or coercion of others in sexual activity</li> <li>Sexual contact with animals</li> <li>Possessing, accessing or sending child exploitation materials</li> <li>Arranging a meeting with an online acquaintance without the knowledge of a peer / parent.</li> </ul>	

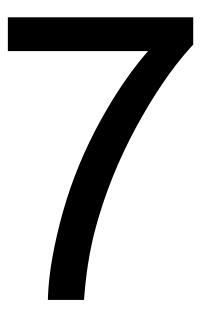






clinical services & information | education & training | research | international development Family Planning NSW is a not-for-profit organisation funded by the NSW Ministry of Health









# Other considerations

- Difficulties with understanding social norms, boundaries, public and private, personal space
- Limited opportunities to learn from peers and others
- Poor impulse control and distractibility
- Not always able to communicate needs
- Lack of sexual education



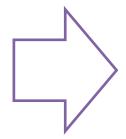
# Understanding behaviour and context is key





# **Questions to Consider**

What happened?When did it happen?Who was involved?Where did it happen?How did it happen?









# **Understanding Behaviour**

Boredom	Confusion
Reduces Anxiety or Anger / self-soothing	Attempting to engage with peers
Lack of boundaries / rules	Loneliness
Curiosity	Medication (can increase or decrease libido)
Need for stimulation	Creates a routine
Medical issue	Exposure to sexual abuse
Lack of knowledge and education	Imitation
Pleasurable, exciting	Lack of privacy



# **Green Light - Educate**

- Be brief and factual
- Be positive
- Use anatomical language
- Identify the behaviour

'Adam, you had your clothes off in the playground'

'Taking your clothes off is what you do in a private place, your bedroom, your bathroom'

Redirect the Behaviour



# **Orange Light - Monitor**

- Remain calm and consistent
- Supervise during 'risky' times
- Understand the behaviour

Teach social skills

Educate

Teach private and public

Get professional / counselling support



# Red Light Behaviours – Immediate

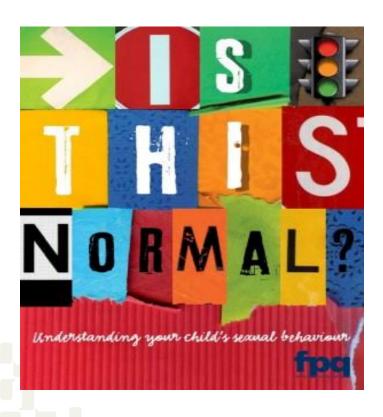
- Stop the behaviour
- Reinforce rules
- State that the behaviour is harmful
- Therapeutic support
- Seek help from child protection services or police
- Provide a safe environment





### Is this Normal?

### Understanding your child's sexual behaviour



Available as a book or as an App



# People 1<sup>st</sup> Programme

### **Expected sexual behaviour**

### Behavlours are:

- Curious and information gathering rather than sexual.
- Light hearted and easily distracted.
- Occur between equals in terms of age, size and cognitive ability.

### Adult response

Reaction of adults is critical and provides an opportunity to give positive feedback and age appropriate information in a calm manner.

### Interest In:

Wanting to touch or look at the private parts of other children or familiar adults.

Where babies come from and gender differences.

### Language:

Uses "slang" words for toilet, body parts or sexual functions.

### Engages In:

Stroking, touching or rubbing own genitals.

Enjoying being nude.

Talks about having a girl/ boyfriend.

Showing other's their genitals.

Playing mummies and daddies (exploring gender roles).

Spontaneous erections may occur.

### Outside the expected sexual behaviour

### Behavlours are:

- Frequent.
- Excessive in duration.
- Moving towards being illegal.
- Unequal in terms of age, size and cognitive ability.
- Preoccupation i.e. signs of being unable to carry out usual activities because of the behaviour.

### Adult response

These behaviours are signs of concern. There is a need to observe and gather information to determine the antecedents and implement an appropriate response i.e. redirection, education and counselling.

### Persistent Interest In:

Showing/touching own or other's genitals in public after being told not to.

Following others into the toilet to look at or touch them.

Wanting to be nude in public.

Questioning related to genital difference even after all questions have been answered appropriately.

### Language:

Uses explicit sexual/play language beyond their years.

### Engages In:

Touching another's genitals.

Persistent peeping.

Imitating sexual behaviour with dolls or stuffed toys.

Persistent rubbing of own genitals.

### Sexual behaviour that requires professional help

### Behaviours are:

- Compulsive
- Predatory
- ExcessiveCoercive
- Threatening
- Degrading
- Show a marked age or cognitive difference between those involved.
- Behaviours that are illegal.

### Preoccupation and predatory Intent with:

Touch/rubbing own and/ or other's genitals to the exclusion of normal childhood play and activities.

Attempting to touch the genitals of adults including strangers.

Making demands of others to touch or be touched sexually.

Sexual behaviour between young children involving penetration with objects.

Asking unfamiliar people sexually explicit questions.

Engages in sexual conversation with peers.

Pulling other's pants down or skirt up against their will.

### Action

Immediate intervention and referral is required.

Website: http://www.people1stprogramme.com.au/



# Let's Practice

**Group Activity** 



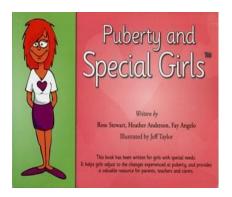


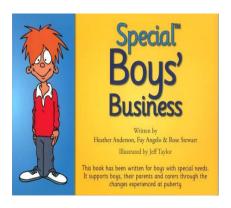
# Where do we start?

- Additional supports in teaching
  - Repetition
  - Start early
  - Practice
  - Model behaviour

- Teach in small amounts
- Be positive
- Teaching opportunities
- Be specific
- Adapt communication
  - Signing
  - Pictures
  - Social stories
  - Visual prompting















# Questions?











